

# Species

**ISSUE 64** 

# 2023 Report

of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and Secretariat



#### **The IUCN Species Survival Commission (SSC)**

The IUCN Species Survival Commission (SSC) is a science-based network of thousands of volunteer experts from almost every country of the world, all working together toward achieving the vision of "a just world that values and conserves nature through positive action to both prevent the loss and aid recovery of the diversity of life on earth."

Members of SSC belong to one or more of near 200 Specialist Groups, Red List Authorities, Action Partnerships, Task Forces, and Conservation Committees that make up the Network, each focusing on a taxonomic group (plants, fungi, mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fishes, and invertebrates), national species, or a disciplinary issue, such as sustainable use and livelihoods, translocation of species, wildlife health, climate change, and conservation planning.

Framed by the Species Conservation Cycle, SSC's major role is to provide information to IUCN on biodiversity conservation, the inherent value of species, their role in ecosystem health and functioning, the provision of ecosystem services, and their support to human livelihoods. This information is fed into the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.

#### 2021-2025 Species Strategic Plan

The IUCN Species Strategic Plan encompasses the joint work of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and a number of partnerships to achieve more than 2,700 targets proposed by the Network during the 2021-2025 quadrennium.

To accomplish those targets, the Species Conservation Cycle was established, which is the conceptual framework for the Network activities. The Species Conservation Cycle's main purpose is to guide efforts for valuing and conserving biodiversity through three essential components that are linked to each other:

**ASSESS**: Understand and inform the world about the status and trends of biodiversity.

**PLAN:** Develop collaborative, inclusive and science-based conservation strategies, plans and policies.

**ACT**: Convene and mobilise conservation actions to improve the status of biodiversity.



Their implementation requires two transversal components:

**NETWORK:** Enhance and support our immediate network and alliances to achieve our biodiversity targets.

**COMMUNICATE**: Drive strategic and targeted communications to enhance our conservation impact.

#### **SSC Species Report**

Annual progress in the implementation of the 2021-2025 Species Strategic Plan is documented in the SSC Species Report, which consists of a comprehensive description and analysis of the activities and results generated by the members of the SSC Network and Centers for Species Survival (CSS) each year. Each SSC and CSS group contributes to this document by providing a yearly summarised description of their achievements, which is presented in standalone reports.

#### Structure of the IUCN SSC and CSS Stand-alone Reports

Stand-alone reports summarize the activities conducted and results generated by each group member of the SSC and CSS. Following, is the structure of the stand-alone report and the contents under each session.

#### Title of the group

#### Photograph(s) of the Chair/Co-Chairs

#### **Group information**

Includes names of Chair/Co-Chairs, Vice-Chairs, Deputy Chairs, Red List Authory Coordinators, Program Officers, Species Survival Directors, and Species Survival Officers, their institutional affiliations, number of members and social networks currently active.

#### Logo of the group

#### **Mission statement**

Includes the mission of the group.

### Projected impact for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the description of the impact on species conservation resulting from the implementation of the targets formulated by the group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium.

#### Targets for the 2021-2025 quadrennium

Includes the targets planned by the SSC or CSS group for the 2021-2025 quadrennium ordered alphabetically by component of the Species Conservation Cycle. Each target is labeled with a numerical code (e.g., T-001, T-012) that identifies it in the SSC DATA database and its status for the reported year is indicated (Not initiated, On track or Achieved).

#### **Activities and results**

Includes the targets for which activities were conducted and results were generated during the reported year, ordered alphabetically, first by component of the Species Conservation Cycle, and second by Activity Category. Description of activities and results includes the indicator that best describes progress, its associated quantitative or qualitative result, and the narrative description of the activity conducted or result obtained. Each activity or result reported is linked to the Key Species Result to which it is mainly associated (e.g., KSR#1, KSR#5).

#### **Acknowledgements**

Includes the acknowledgements to funding agencies, partners, and persons who contributed to the progress of the targets of the group.

#### **Summary of achievements**

Summarises information of the group's strategic plan for the quadrennium and progress achieved implementing targets for all the components of the Species Conservation Cycle during the reported year.

Animalia

Fungi

**Plantae** 

**National Species** 

**Disciplinary** 

**Action Partnership** 

**Task Force** 

**Red List Authority** 

Committe

**Center for Species Survival** 

#### Example for the recommended citation:

Cantley, R. and Van den Broek, M. 2024. 2023 Report of the Carnivorous Plant Specialist Group. In: IUCN SSC and Secretariat. 2023 Report of the IUCN Species Survival Commission and Secretariat. Gland, Switzerland: IUCN. 4 pp.



#### 2023 Report

## IUCN SSC Carnivorous Plant Specialist Group





Facebook: IUCN Carnivorous Plant Specialist Group; Website: www.iucn-cpsg.org



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Ltd., Sri Lanka



DEPUTY CHAIR
Marcel van den Broek
The Netherlands

RED LIST AUTHORITY COORDINATOR Martin Cheek Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, UK NUMBER OF MEMBERS

5

#### **Mission statement**

To help ensure that the conservation status of all carnivorous plants is adequately and accurately documented and assist in raising public awareness and encouraging initiation of appropriate conservation measures.

#### Projected impact 2021-2025

As we are a restarting group, we will mainly focus on building a solid specialist group structure. Further, we will continue to produce Red List assessments for various carnivorous plant species, focusing at first on completing the assessments of the Nepenthaceae. We will also start a threat mapping project, trying to build a computer program to compare and select species facing similar threats.

#### Targets 2021-2025

#### **ASSESS**

**T-006** Assess 15 species of carnivorous plants.

Status: On track

#### PLAN

**T-010** Design and implement an efficient approach to conservation planning of *Nepenthes* using the 'Assess-do-plan' tools.

Status: On track

#### ACT

**T-005** Implement *ex situ* conservation of *Nepenthes clipeata* (Critically Endangered). Status: Not initiated

#### **NETWORK**

**T-002** Recruit key staff for the Specialist Group.

Status: Achieved

**T-003** Create group structure.

Status: Achieved

**T-004** Recruit subgroup coordinators for

the main family groups. Status: Not initiated

**T-007** Create a system to report information on poaching to the proper authorities.

### Status: Not initiated **COMMUNICATE**

**T-008** Update our website, Facebook page and Facebook group for the distribution of relevant content.

Status: Not initiated

#### **Activities and results 2023**

#### **ASSESS**

#### **Red List**

**T-006** Assess **15** species of carnivorous plants. (KSR 6)

Number of new national Red List assessments published: 0

Result description: Assessments were completed and are now in the reviewing process for the following species: *Nepenthes rajah*,

Sarracenia oreophila, S. rubra, S. rubra ssp. alabamensis, and S. rubra ssp. jonesii. Further, assessments for N. weda and N. halmahera are nearing completion.

#### PLAN

#### **Planning**

**T-010** Design and implement an efficient approach to conservation planning of *Nepenthes* using the 'Assess-do-plan' tools. (KSR 8)

Selecting the most promising areas for this approach, based on affected species, type of threats and local involvement: Ongoing. Result description: This project continued over 2023 by identifying the country and area with the highest potential for a coordinated conservation attempt with the goal of bringing conservation stakeholders together. Currently, this project is looking to

#### **NETWORK**

#### Membership

**T-004** Recruit subgroup coordinators for the main family groups. (KSR 2)

replace a key contributor in the project team.

Number of SSC members recruited: 0
Result description: Given the need to restructure this Group the actual recruiting is postponed until a more stable situation can be offered to new recruits. Therefore, priority has shifted to stabilising the Group and the projects that have enough momentum to remain operational.



#### Acknowledgements

We would like to acknowledge the efforts and support of the following persons and organisations. For the *Nepenthes* conservation planning project: Stuart Young, Chester Zoo; Philip Esseen, Chester Zoo; Caroline Lees and Natasha Peters from the IUCN SSC Conservation Planning Specialist Group. For the red listing project: Conservation Assessment Team at Kew Gardens, Yuge Shi, Hannah Bevan, and Liz Jaeger.

#### **Summary of achievements**

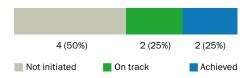
Total number of targets 2021-2025: 8

Geographic regions: 8 Global

Actions during 2023: Assess: 1 (KSR 6)

Plan: 1 (KSR 8) Network: 1 (KSR 6)

Overall achievement 2021–2025:



Sarracenia rubra ssp. jonesii Photo: Marcel van den Broek

