



BEST

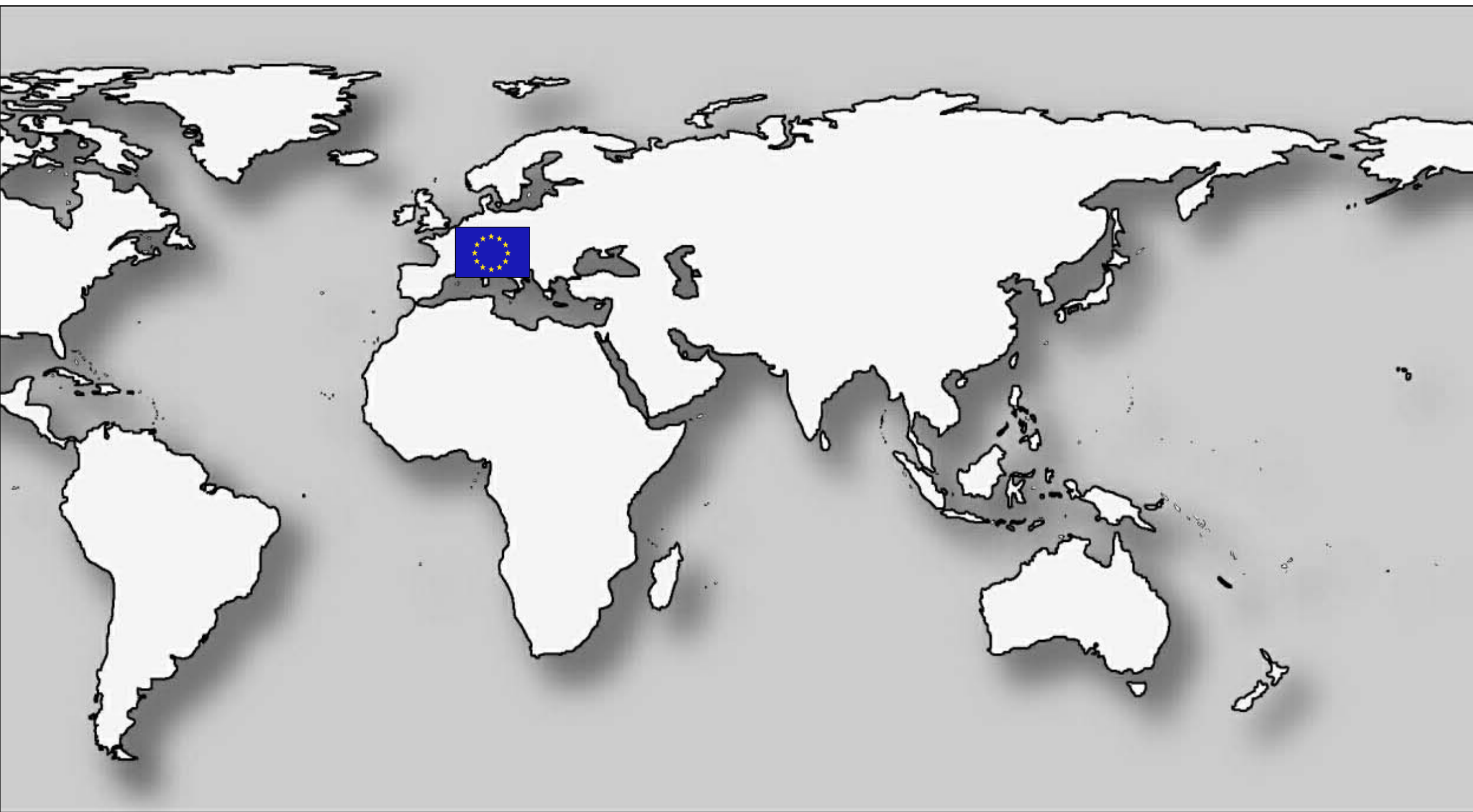
The EU and its
overseas entities

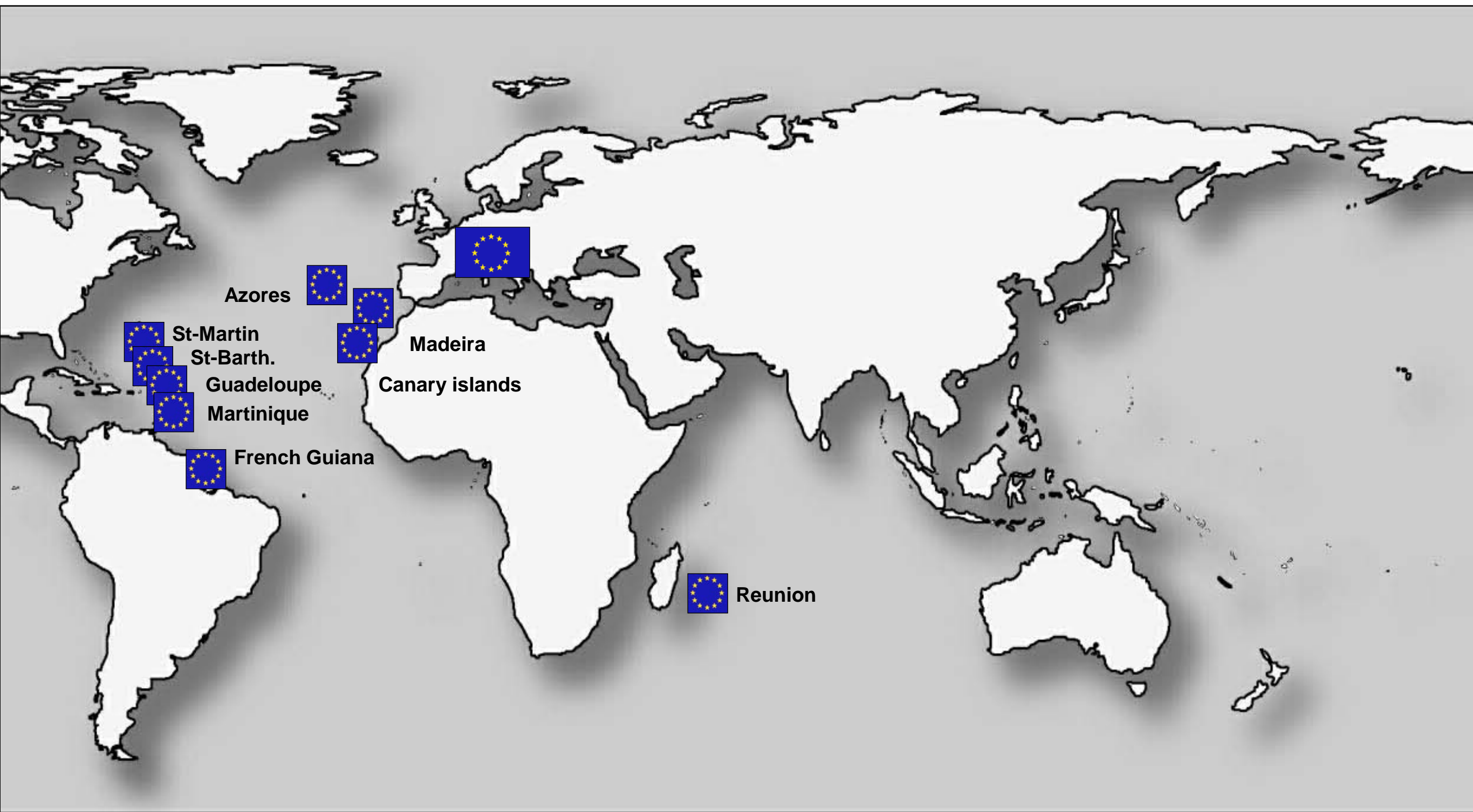
Joining forces on
biodiversity and
climate change

CONSERVATION
INTERNATIONAL

Europe







 Outmost Regions (ORs)

20

S14803236565



20
€
20

S14803236565

€
20
€
20
€



20 EURO
ΕΥΡΩ

EURO 20
ΕΥΡΩ



Azores

14803236565

20

EURO

20

EURO

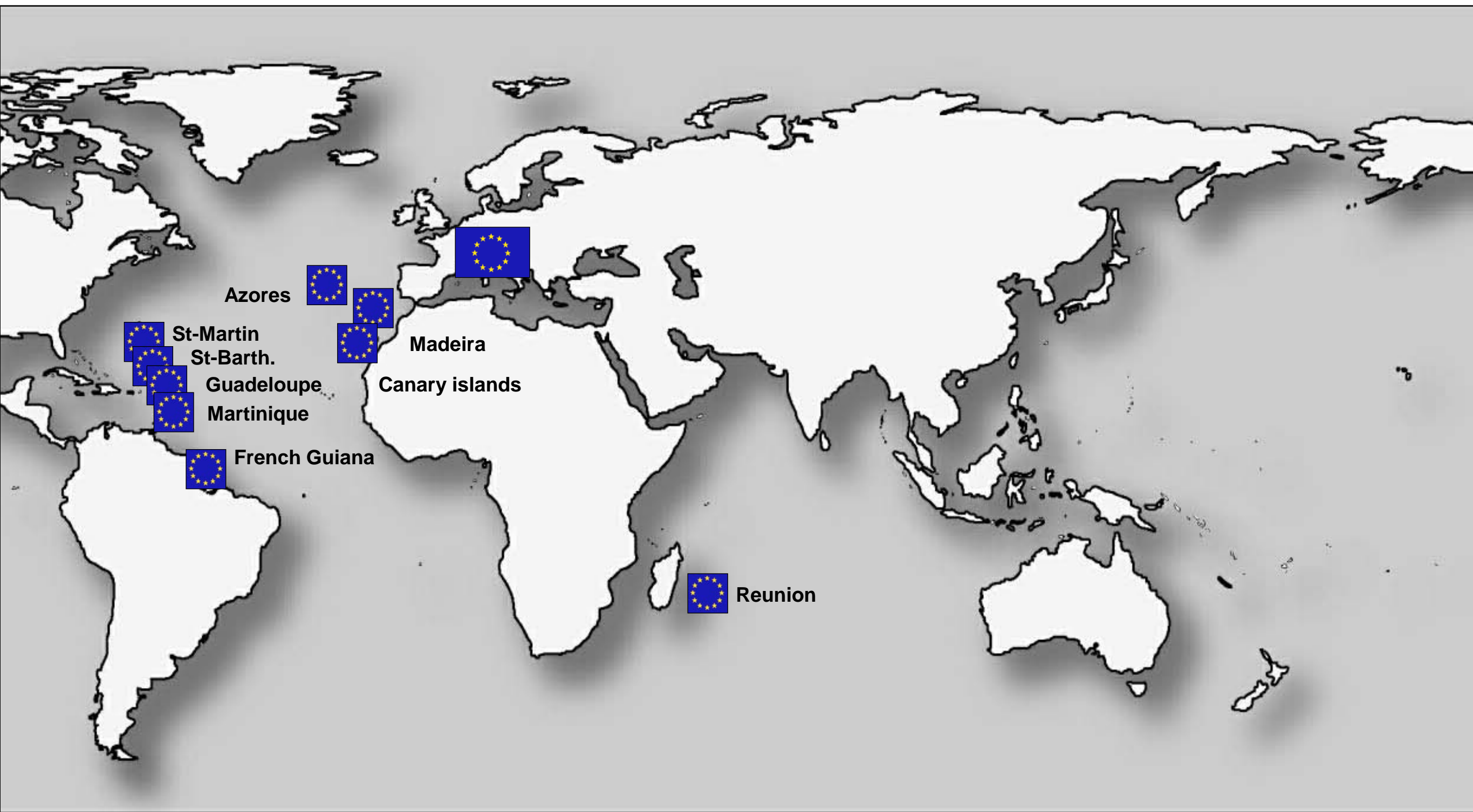
Madeira



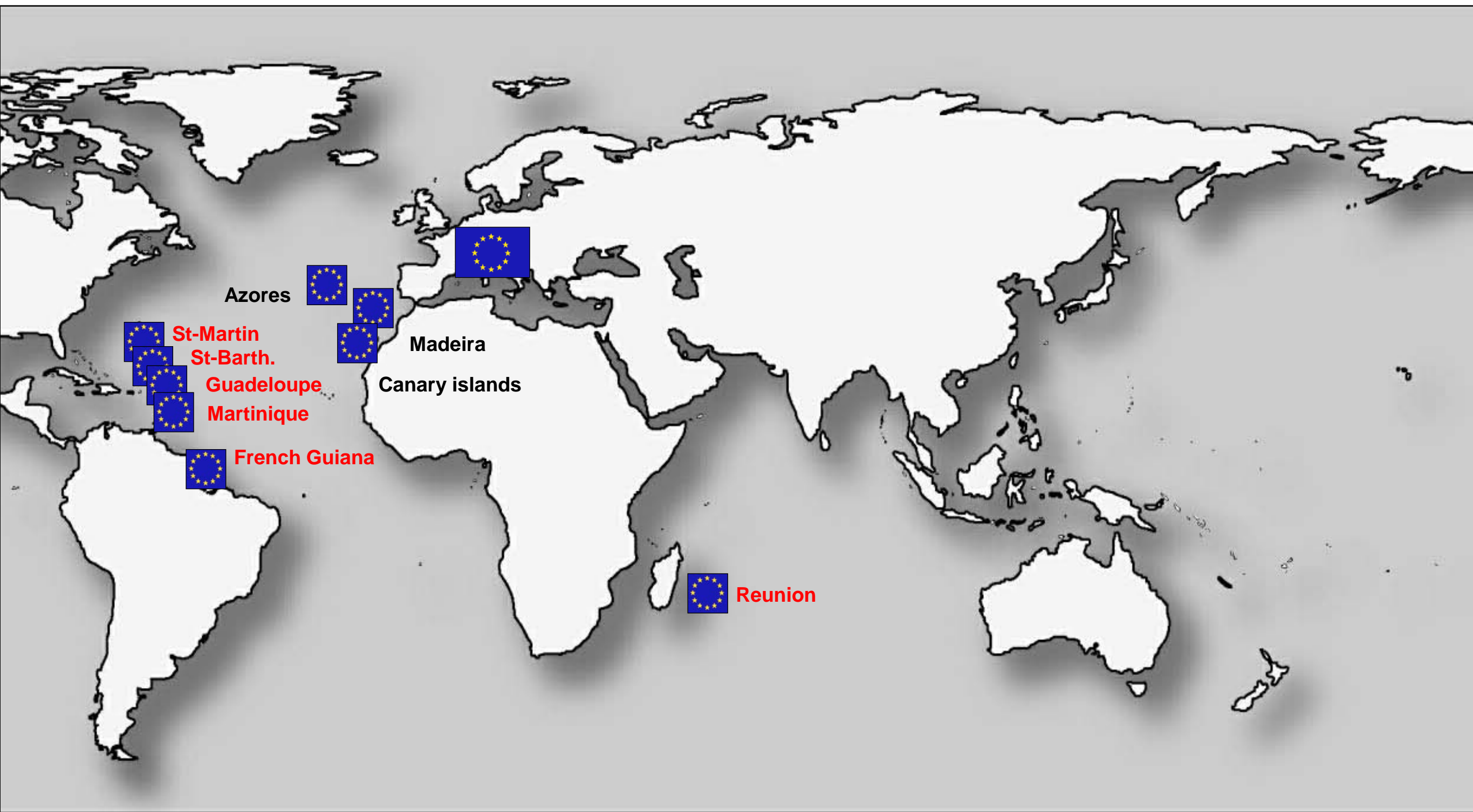
**French
Guiana**

**Guadeloupe
Martinique
Reunion**

**Canary
islands**

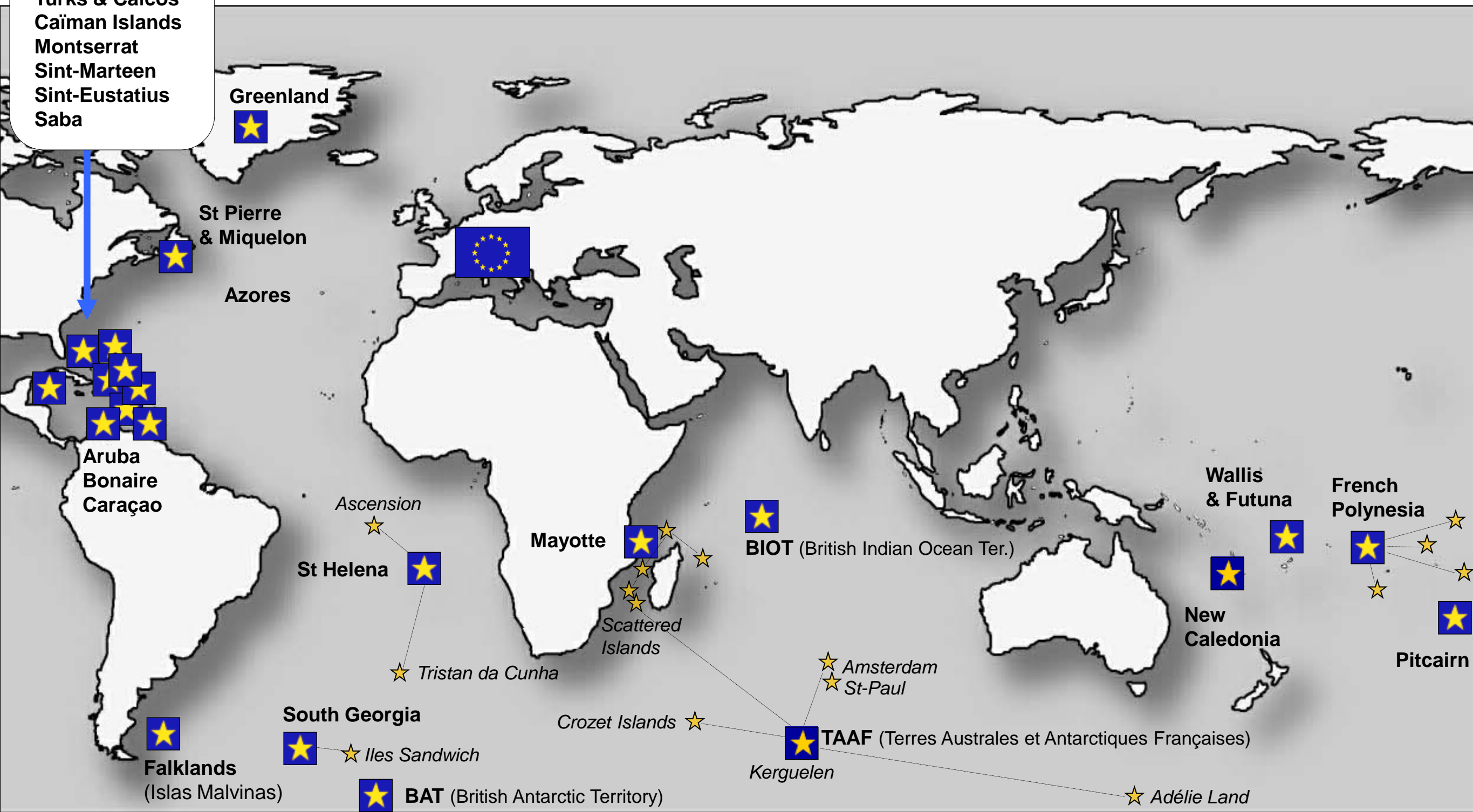


 Outmost Regions (ORs)



 Outmost Regions (ORs)

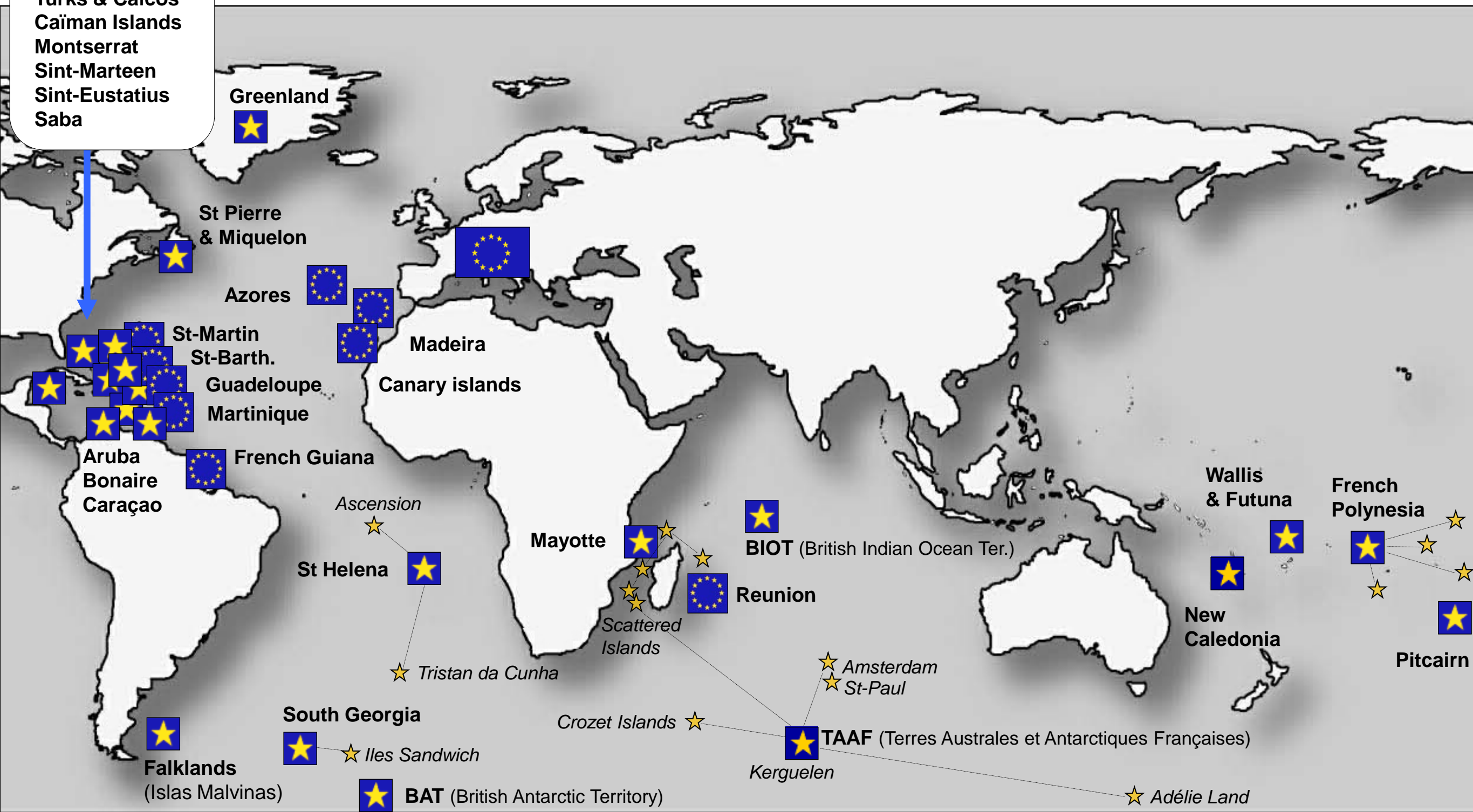
Anguilla
 British Virgin Is.
 Turks & Caicos
 Caïman Islands
 Montserrat
 Sint-Marteen
 Sint-Eustatius
 Saba



 Overseas Countries and Territories (OCTs)

The EU overseas dimension

Anguilla
British Virgin Is.
Turks & Caicos
Caiman Islands
Montserrat
Sint-Marteen
Sint-Eustatius
Saba

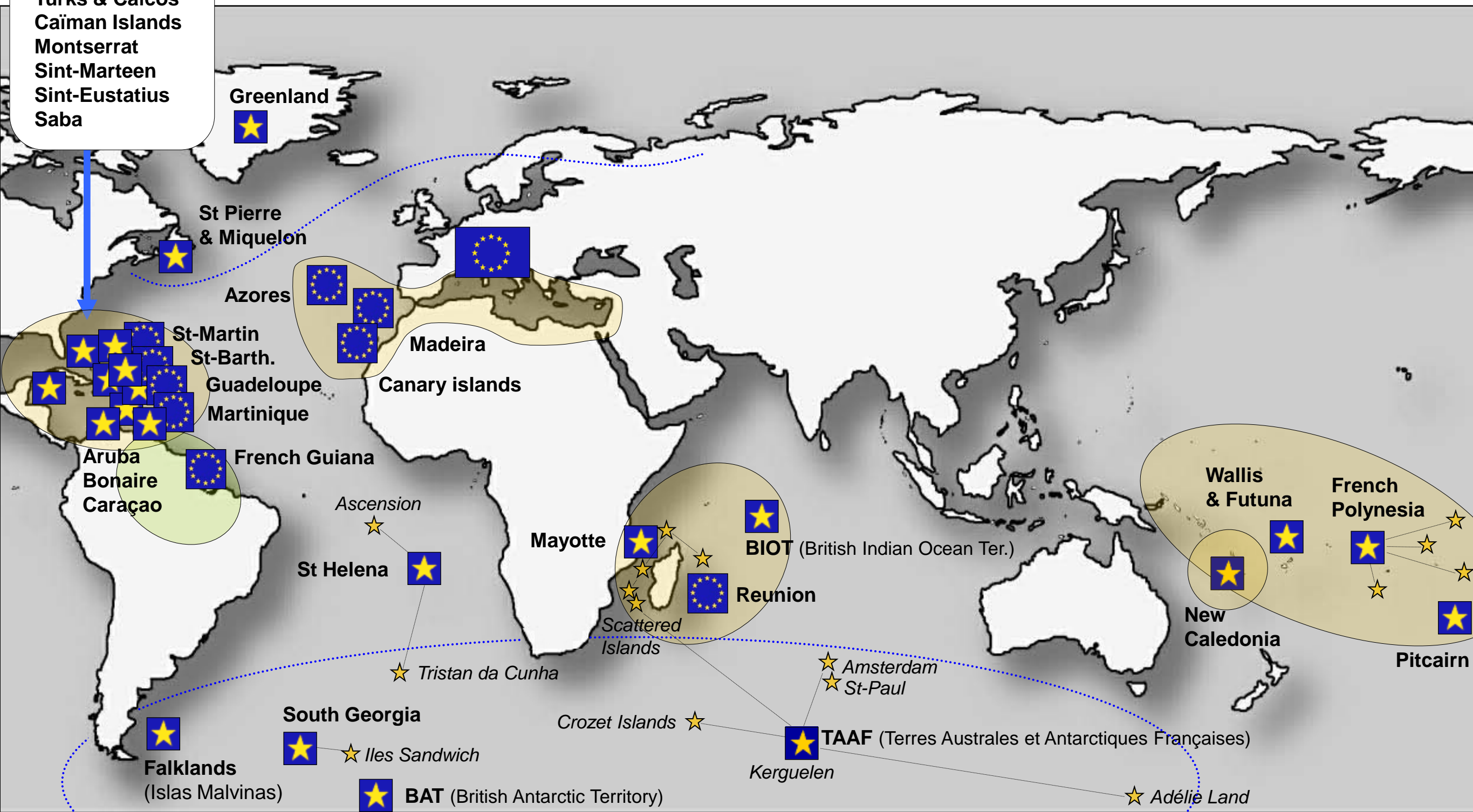


 ORs

 OCTs

The EU overseas dimension

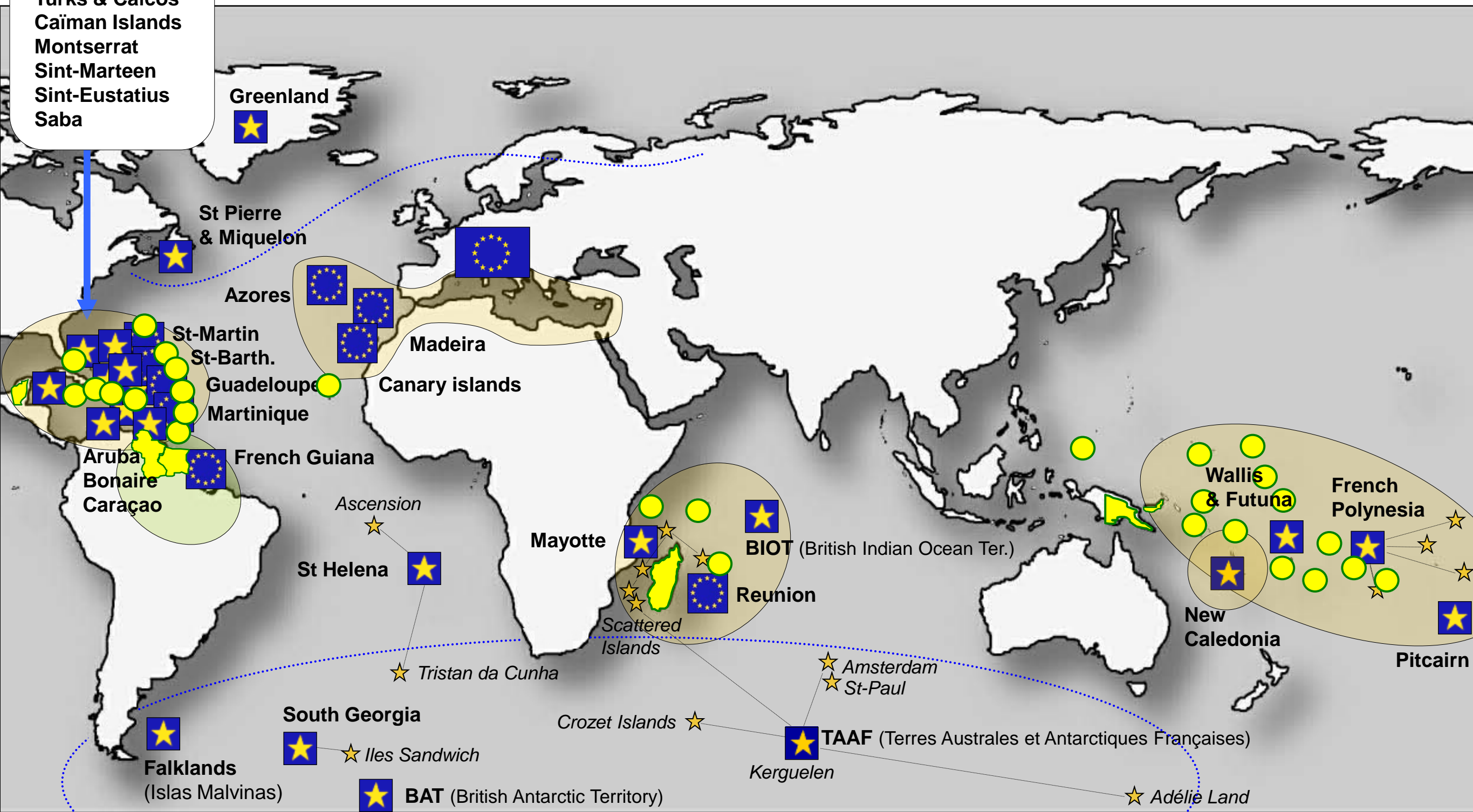
A major potential for cooperation on climate change and biodiversity



Anguilla
British Virgin Is.
Turks & Caicos
Caiman Islands
Montserrat
Sint-Marteen
Sint-Eustatius
Saba

The EU overseas dimension

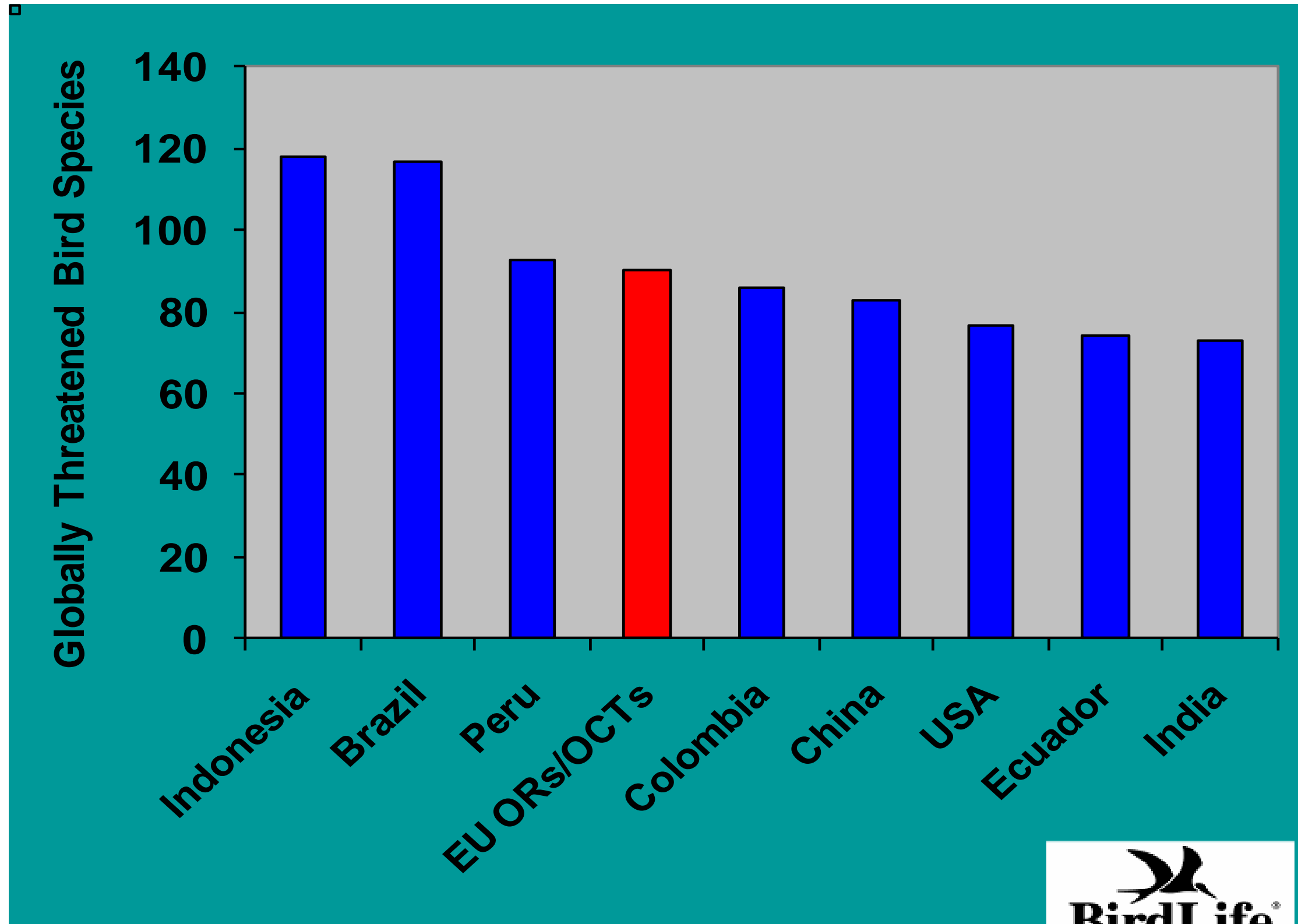
A major potential for cooperation on climate change and biodiversity



Biodiversity hotspot with OR / OCT
 Major wilderness area with OR / OCT
 Polar & sub-polar regions

ORs
 OCTs
 ACP countries of the same regions

Threatened bird species



Overseas Countries and Territories: coral reefs

	Country and geographical locations	Reef Area (km²)	%of world reefs
1	Republic of Indonesia	51,020	17.95%
2	Australia	48,960	17.22%
3	Republic of the Philippines	25,060	8.81%
4	France <i>including: Clipperton, Mayotte, Réunion, Guadeloupe, Martinique, New Caledonia, French Polynesia, Wallis and Futuna Islands</i>	14,280	5.02%
12	United Kingdom <i>including: British Indian Ocean Territory, Anguilla, Bermuda, Cayman Islands, Pitcairn, Turks and Caicos Islands, British Virgin Islands</i>	5,510	1.94%
60	Netherlands <i>including: Dutch Caribbean islands</i>	470	0.17%
	OCTs TOTAL	20,260	7.13%

POLYNÉSIE FRANÇAISE

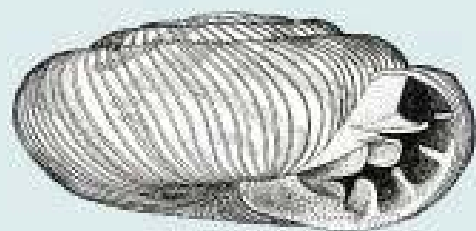


DISPERSION GÉOGRAPHIQUE
COMPARÉE À L'EUROPE

0 50 250 500 km

— ÎLES DISPOSANT D'UN AÉROPORT

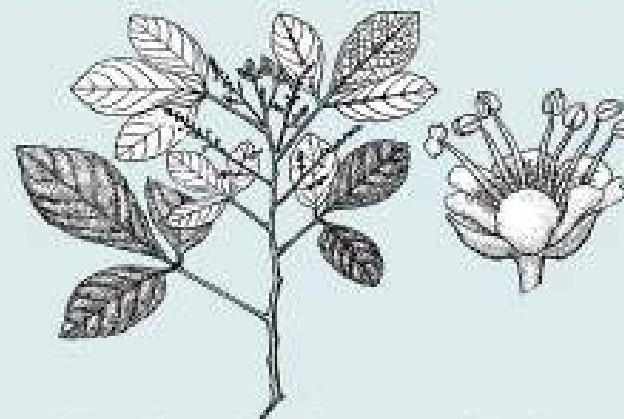
Ile de Rapa



99 espèces d'escargots endémiques
16 genres endémiques



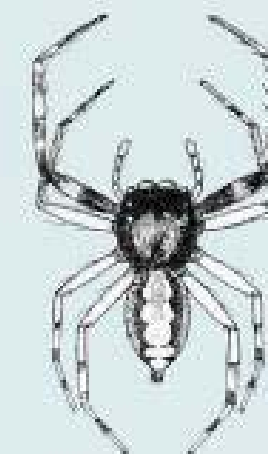
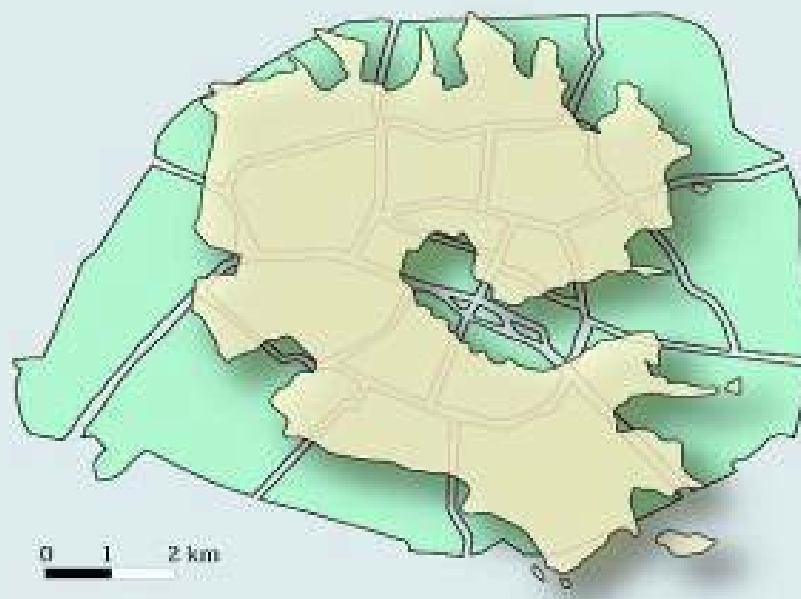
1 espèce d'oiseau endémique



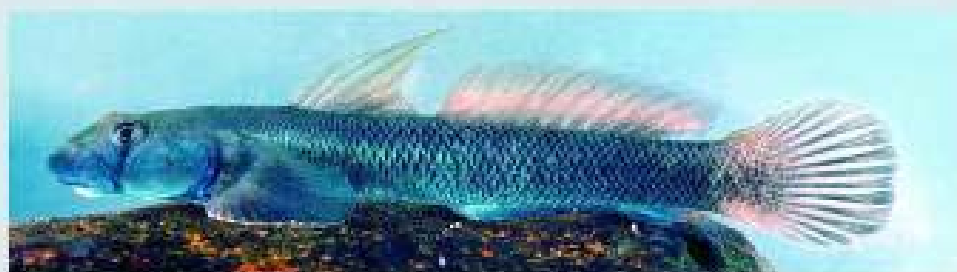
67 espèces de plantes endémiques
2 genres endémiques



67 espèces de charançons
(*Miocalles* sp.) endémiques



1 espèce d'araignée endémique



2 espèces de poissons d'eau douce endémiques



68 espèces de papillons endémiques
7 genres endémiques
1 famille endémique (*Lathrotelidae*)

New Caledonia



ENDEMIC SPECIES

France :

133 plants
7-9 fresh water fishes
0 reptiles
1 bird
0 mammal

Europe :

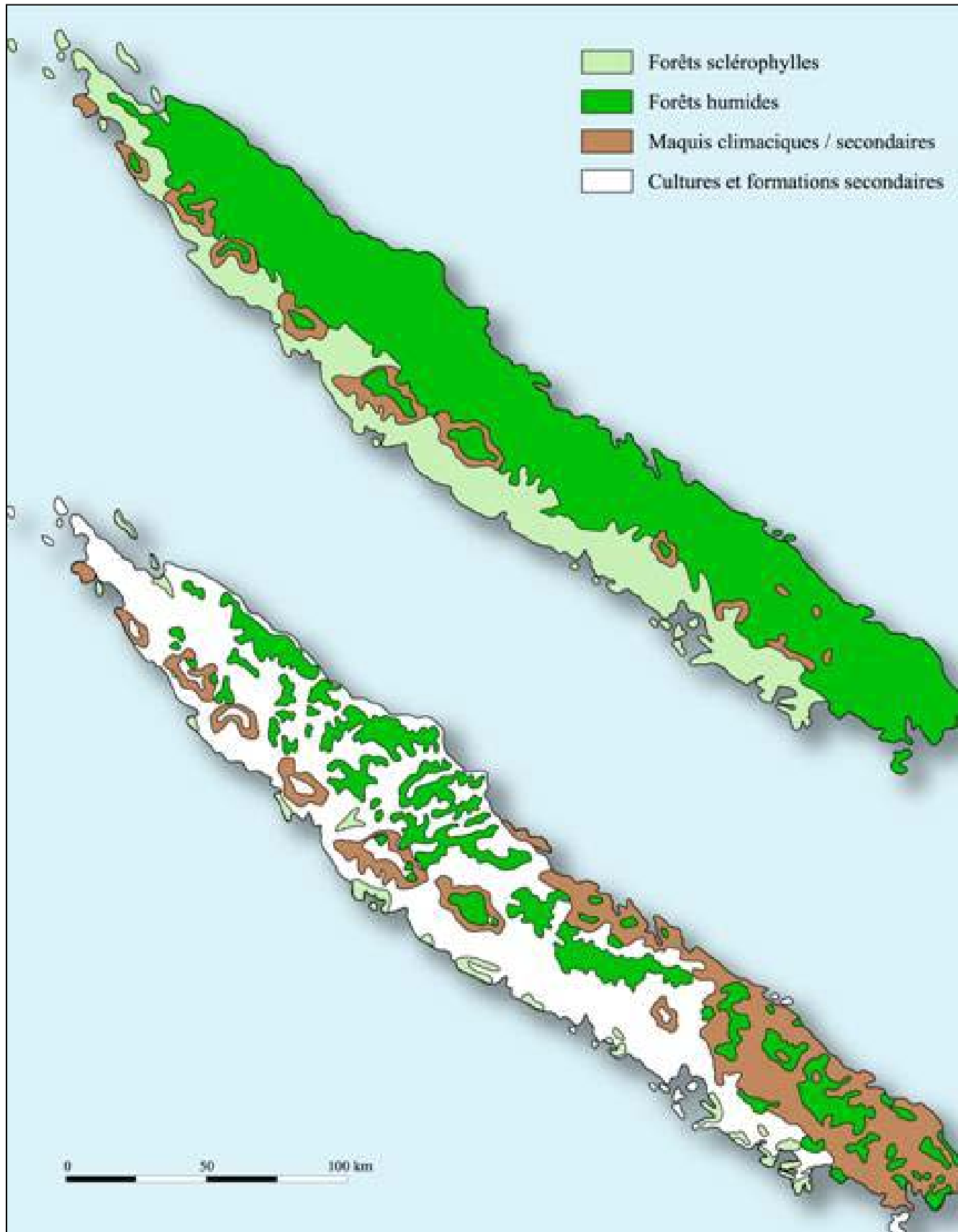
3500 plants
350 fresh water fishes
42 reptiles
9 birds
7 mammals

New Caledonia :

2551 plants
21 fresh water fishes
61 reptiles
23 birds
6 mammals



Habitat destruction



New Caledonia

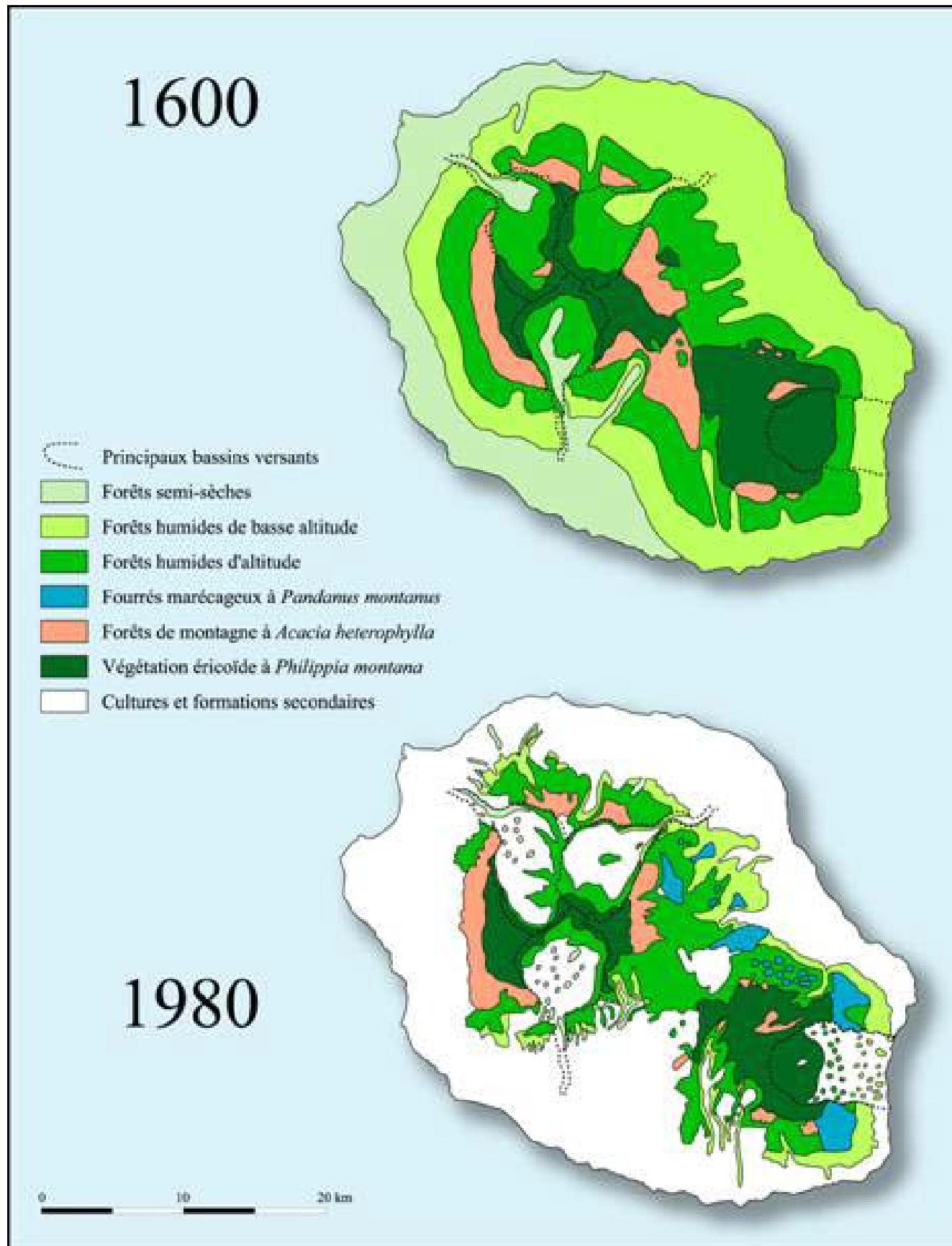
*Evolution of natural ecosystems
since human beings arrival*



Habitat destruction

Réunion

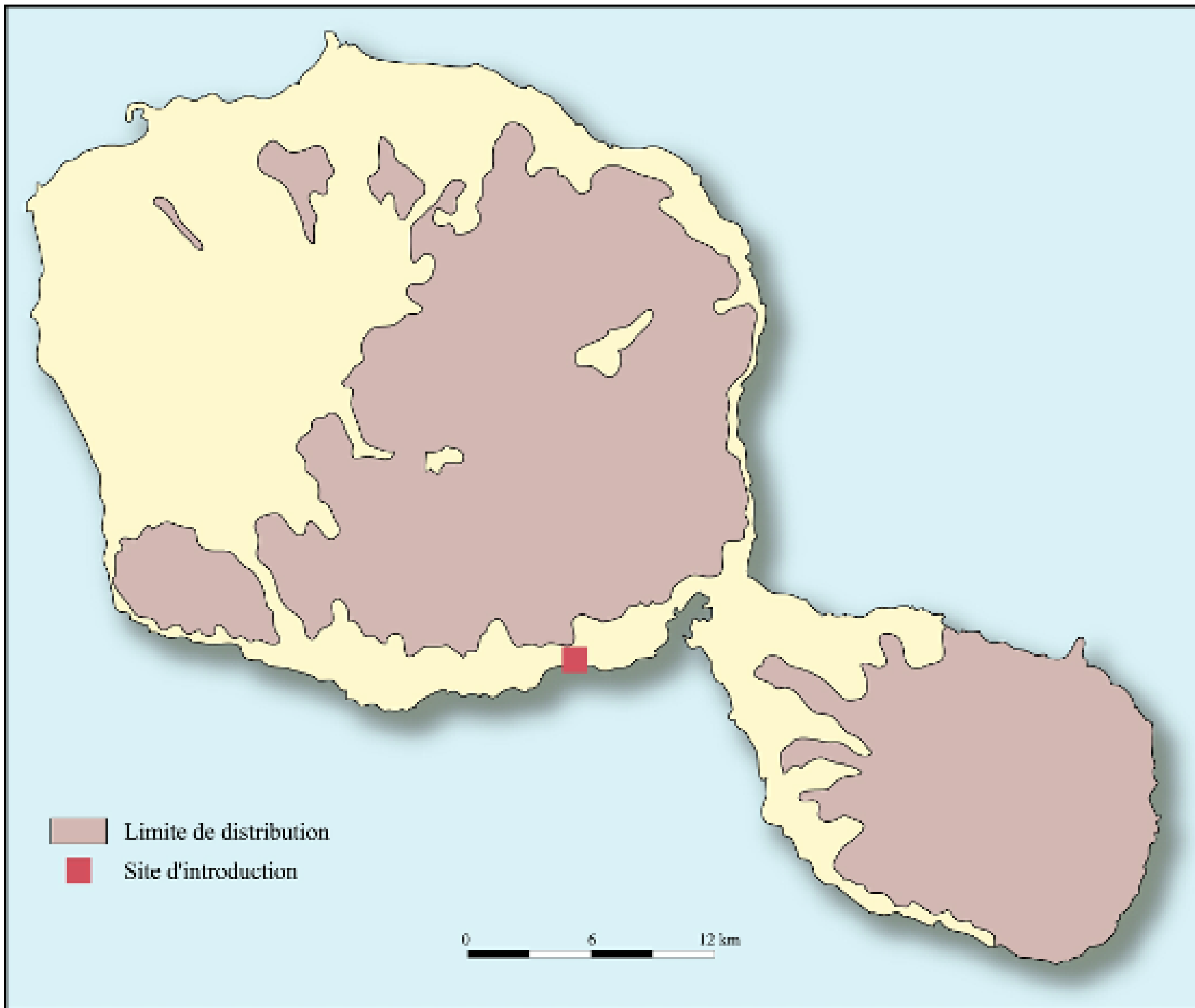
Distribution of natural ecosystems



Invasive species







Pollution







Climate change





Hurricane Ivan
Cayman Islands





Climate Change and Biodiversity in the European Union Overseas Entities

Pre-conference version



7-11 July 2008 – Réunion Island
The European Union and its Overseas Entities
Strategies to counter Climate Change and Biodiversity Loss





New Caledonia Hotspot Program



The European Union and its Overseas Entities

Strategies to counter Climate Change and Biodiversity Loss

An Official Event under the French Presidency of the European Union





Message from Reunion Island

Results of the Conference "The European Union and its Overseas Entities -
Strategies to counter Climate Change and Biodiversity Loss"
(7-11 July 2008)



Why BEST ?

- Gap in EU legislation
- Heritage of global importance
- Importance of ecosystems for local livelihoods
- Climate change adaptation
- Need of technical and financial support
- Need for systematic approaches
- Valuing the EU expertise on nature management
- Valuing ORs and OCTs in global and regional environment policies



A key moment for BEST

Phase 1: a shared vision

- Reunion conference
- Ownership by EU institutions and member states
- Stakeholders information, consultation & support

Phase 2: seed money and pilot projects

- 2 million euros budget
- Preparing the future scheme
- Demonstration through pilot projects
- Action oriented
- STRATEGIC
- Don't divide it by 32 (62500 euros !)

Phase 3: full fledged scheme

- Sustainable financial framework
- Coordinating body or mechanism
- Rules and legal framework
- Regional cooperation





Thank you

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**CONSERVATION
INTERNATIONAL**



Europe